

$$\boxed{6} \quad (a) \quad 5^x = 7$$

$$\lg(5^x) = \lg 7$$

$$x \cdot \lg 5 = \lg 7$$

$$x = \frac{\lg 7}{\lg 5}$$

$$\underline{\text{Svar:}} \quad x = \frac{\lg 7}{\lg 5}$$

$$(b) \quad 3 - \sqrt{\sqrt{2x-5}} = 0$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{2x-5}} = 3$$

Kvadrera VL och HL två gånger:

$$2x - 5 = (3^2)^2$$

$$2x - 5 = 81$$

$$2x = 86$$

$$x = 43$$

$$\underline{\text{Svar:}} \quad x = 43$$

Prövning av  $x = 43$ :

$$VL = 3 - \sqrt{\sqrt{2 \cdot 43 - 5}} = 3 - \sqrt{\sqrt{81}}$$

$$= 3 - \sqrt{9} = 3 - 3 = 0$$

$$HL = 0 \quad \text{ok!}$$

$$(c) \quad \lg 200 - \lg 2 + 98 = 10^x$$

$$\lg\left(\frac{200}{2}\right) + 98 = 10^x$$

$$\lg 100 + 98 = 10^x$$

$$2 + 98 = 10^x$$

$$100 = 10^x$$

$$10^x = 100$$

$$\lg(10^x) = \lg 100$$

$$x \cdot \underbrace{\lg 10}_1 = 2$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\underline{\text{Svar:}} \quad x = 2$$

$$\lg \frac{A}{B} = \lg A - \lg B$$

$$\lg 100 = 2$$

Alternativ avslutning:

$$10^x = 10^2$$

$$x = 2$$

**6** (d)  $(3x-4)(4-3x) = -9x^2$

(parts)  $12x - 9x^2 - 16 + 12x = -9x^2$

$$24x - 16 = 0$$

$$24x = 16$$

$$x = \frac{16}{24} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Svar:  $x = \frac{2}{3}$

(e)  $(5987-x)^2 - 2(5987-x) = 0$

$$(5987-x)((5987-x)-2) = 0$$

$$(5987-x)(5985-x) = 0$$

$$5987-x = 0 \quad \text{eller} \quad 5985-x = 0$$

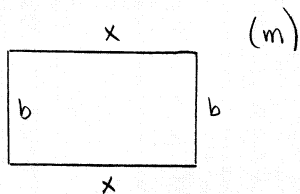
$$x = 5987$$

$$x = 5985$$

Svar:  $x_1 = 5985, x_2 = 5987$

Bryt ut  $(5987-x)$

**7**



$$2x + 2b = 120$$

$$2b = 120 - 2x$$

$$b = 60 - x$$

$$\frac{120-2x}{2} = \frac{120}{2} - \frac{2x}{2} = 60 - x$$

Area

$$x \cdot b = x \cdot (60-x) = 60x - x^2$$

Svar:  $A = 60x - x^2$